

Конкурсное испытание по английскому языку в 8 ИВС класс

Продолжительность экзаменационной работы 1 час 15 минут

Part 1

Task 1. Read the text. Match the headings to the paragraphs. There is one extra heading you do not need.

- A. THE SITUATION IN THE FUTURE**
- B. THE QUESTION TO ANSWER**
- C. WHEN A CAR GIVES NO FREEDOM**
- D. ANOTHER POINT OF VIEW**
- E. A ROAD OF NO USE**
- F. WHY WON'T ROADS HELP**

1. _____ The M25, the motorway around London, was built in 1986. Today people call it the biggest car park in Europe. Every morning on the radio we hear about jams, and the road repair, and crashes, and which parts of the M25 to avoid. One day soon, we will hear "There is a traffic jam all the way round the M25 in both directions. If you are driving to work, we advise you to go back home."
2. _____ It is very funny to look at the advertisements for cars. Cars are advertised as symbols of freedom and wealth. The real situation is quite different. Of course, you can drive fast sometimes. But when you are stuck in a traffic jam you are nervous, you can do nothing about it, and all cars are just little metal boxes to sit in.
3. _____ Cities and towns all over the world have a huge problem, and no government really knows what to do. The reason is that it is not a problem of technology. If we want to build two-level roads, we will do it. If we want trains, which can travel at hundreds of miles an hour, we can build them. The problem is a question of principle. Will we be able to use roads or railways for our transport needs in the future? Should the government, or private companies, control them? And who should pay?
4. _____ Scientists are saying that we should put more money into public transport – buses and trains. Cars often carry only one person. If public transport system works, more people will use it. If trains carry more people, the roads won't be so crowded. The air will be cleaner because cars pollute the air more than trains. Some people think that if you build more roads, the traffic will move more quickly. But research shows that if there are more roads, there will be more cars to fill them.
5. _____ By 2010, the number of cars on our roads will double. One characteristic of the people of the 21 century is that we are "a race on the move, we are always hurrying and changing places. But it is just possible that soon we won't be able to move another metre, and we'll have to stay exactly where we are! And by 2025, just to park all the cars in Britain will need an area larger than London.

Task 2. Are the statements true or false? Write T (true) or F (false).

1. If you drive on the M25 you often have to go back home. _____
2. Some cars are not comfortable – just metal boxes. _____
3. It is better to use trains because there will be less population. _____
4. We need more roads to solve the transport problem. _____
5. There will be more cars but people will move more slowly. _____

Task 3. Complete the text with the correct words from the box. There are three extra words.

so / as / because / much / a / carrying / it / trying / for/ driving / many /than / there

The Day I Came Face to Face with a Tiger

Last year I went to Nepal (1) _____ three months to work in a hospital. I think it's important to see as (2) _____ of a country (3) _____ you can, but it is difficult to travel around Nepal. The hospital let me have a few days' holiday, (4) _____ I decided to go into the jungle and I asked (5) _____ Nepalese guide, Kamal Rai, to start our trip at six in the morning. We left the camp with two elephants (6) _____ our things. We were (7) _____ to find big cats, but (8) _____ is unusual to find tigers in the afternoon (9) _____ they sleep in the heat of the day. Then, in the distance, we saw a tiger. In front of it (10) _____ was a dead deer. It was the tiger's lunch! Suddenly I started to feel very frightened.

Task 4. Choose the correct answer:

1. I _____ Round the corner when a man _____ me.
A. tuned, was calling B. turn, calls C. was turning, called
2. – My father ...from Africa! – Oh, where _____ there?
A. Has come, did he live B. came , did he live C. came, was he living
3. It's _____ last time when I come to _____ place!
A. a, the B. the, this C. -, this
4. Laura _____ her suitcase when a taxi_____.
A. Has just packed, has arrived B. packed, arrived C. had just packed, arrived
5. Don't worry! I _____ as soon as the plane _____.
A. will call, will land B. will call, lands C. call, will land
6. Harry Porter _____ by J.K. Rowling some years ago. She_____ another book now.
A. was written, is writing B. wrote, is writing C. is written, writes
7. I _____ get up early, so I _____ till 11 a.m.
A. can, was sleeping B must, sleep C. didn't have to, slept
8. I _____ my friend on Saturday. We _____ on a project this month.
A. will meet, work B. am meeting, are working C. am going to meet, work
9. - _____ somebody's clothes on the floor! – Oh, _____ not mine!
A. there is, it's B. it is, it is C. there are, they
10. It never _____ in this part of the country, _____ it?
A. snows, does B. is snowing, isn't C. snows, doesn't
11. I hope the weather _____ nice today when we _____ on a picnic.
A. is, will go B. will be, will go C. will be , go
12. There are _____ parties that have nice music and pretty decorations.
A. a few B. little C. much
13. It's _____ to cross the river in this place than over there.
A. less dangerous B. not dangerous C. as dangerous

14. I don't know _____ about it. So, ask _____ else.
 A. anything, somebody B. any, some C. nothing, somebody
15. Hurry up or you _____ to catch the 6.30 train!
 A. can't B. won't be able C. must

Task 5. For questions, 1-7, read the text below. Use the word given in capitals at the end of some of the lines to form a word that fits in the gap in the same line. There is an example at the beginning (0).

A thief who kissed his victim after a (0) robbery in a French **ROB**
 jewellery shop has been caught after a forensic (1) _____ **SCIENCE**
 matched his DNA with that left on the hand of his victim.

The thief (2) _____ the Parisian shop late in the afternoon, as the **ENTRY**
 owner was preparing to close for the evening. After tying the woman to
 a chair, he smashed open (3) _____ display cabinets and loaded **VARY**
 (4) _____ worth more than 20,000 euros into a bag. Before leaving **VALUE**
 the shop, he kissed the owner's hand and made an (5) _____ **APOLOGISE**
 for his crime. However, the (6) _____ thief could never have imagined **LUCK**
 that the kiss would lead to his arrest. Police used the DNA and ran it
 through a database of all known (7) _____ **CRIME**

Part 2

An informal email

You have received an email from an English-speaking penfriend.

To: Jack_2000@mail.com
From: Angie
Subject: Any suggestions?
<p>Hey Jack!</p> <p>How are things? Listen, I'm writing because a friend of mine is coming to spend a few days in your town. She asked me to write to you to see if you could suggest some of the things she should do while she's there. She also wanted to know what the weather's like and what clothes she should bring with her. She leaves on Friday. Sorry for the short notice, but can you help?</p> <p>Hope to hear from you soon.</p> <p>Best, Angie</p>

Write your email in 100-140 words

Part 3

Устная часть включает в себя беседу с экзаменатором и обсуждение ситуации на заданную тему (5-7 минут на учащегося).

Speaking Task

Task 1

You have 2 minutes to have an interview with an examiner.
The teacher asks the candidate personal and social questions.

Task 2

Read the situation below:

Tom's parents are pressuring him to study medicine like his sister, but he wants to study engineering.

- *How do you think the boy feels? Why?*
- *If you were Tom's parents, what would you do?*
- *What is the best way to avoid such a situation?*

Discuss this situation and support your opinion.

Writing

Task 5

Comment on the following statement:

To learn effectively, children need to eat a healthy meal at school.

What is your opinion? Do you agree with this statement?

Write 100-140 words.